THALES

Rodin in the field of railway system engineering

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Motivation

- Formally written is better than informally told
 - Provided it can be read and understood
- Mathematically proven is better than just tested, but
 - Incomplete proof is not worth anything
 - Sometimes (often) strongly confident is good enough
- Business Driver: Reduce development costs and time to market
 - Still maintaining the product quality
 - Time and cost can be decreased through productivity improvements



3 Processes – 3 Teams – 3 Skill Levels

Core development

- Development of core assets as generic definitions with extension points
- Full Event-B expertise
- Application engineering
 - Instantiation of core assets for a given customer with customer-specific definitions
 - Partial Event-B expertise can rely on support from core team

Field installation

- Deployment and validation of a customer system on a specific station
- No Event-B expertise Loops back to application development is expensive

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Development process - Feature Driven Development

Design and realization by features

- Impact on already realized features
- Parallel development
- Example features
 - Main signal, distant signal
 - Main / distant signal on same mast
 - Combined main and distant signal
 - Additional signal types
- Different customers different rules



Von Abutoum - Eigenes Werk, Gemeinfrei, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=21556280



Development process - Domain Driven Design

- Split the problem (and the solution) into subdomains
 - Separation of concerns
 - Communication and collaboration technical and domain experts

Elements domain

- Track, Point
- Crossing with/without movable frog
- Single / double slip switch
- Route domain
 - Points locked in the proper position



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Additional Concepts

- Object oriented analysis and design
- Variability management (product line)
- Model based engineering
 - E.g. system model in Capella: https://www.polarsys.org/solutions/capella
- Continuous integration
 - Delta verification and validation
- Quality assurance
 - Rigorous reviews
- Sustainability (25+ years)

Rodin Toolset @ Thales Austria

Rodin utilization

- Specification and station data
- Core domain
- Full integration possible?

Assessment

- Event-B environment: TRL 5+
- Provers: TRL 5+
- Pro-B : TRL 5
- iUML-B: TRL 4 5
- Code generator, MBT: TRL 2



Plugins: Accepted - Tentative - Declined



General Issues

- Tool stability
- Documentation and tutorials
- Maintenance (tool lock)

• Plain text external representation

- Source control, teaming
- Diff & merge, review support
- Integration in the overall development process and toolchain

Syntactic sugar

- Named functions and predicates



Experiences and demand – Modeling and proving

• High level langages

- Objects (records), control flow
- High level feedback (provers, model checking, animation)
- Not only refinement
 - Relaxed refinement rules (refine more machines, combine unrelated events)
 - Top-down (refinement) as well as bottom-up (composition) approach

Structures (with namespaces)

- Packages, Modules, Components
- Impact analysis
- Temporal logic (LTL) formulae



Key Messages

- Set theory and 1st order logic are reasonable
 - High level langages (OO) are needed for the non Event-B experts
- Practical applicability for real-word applications matters
 - Hard facts : Problem space gets intractable
 - Soft facts : Usability gets unsatisfactory
- Improvements and enhancements
 - Many are possible in the Rodin toolset
 - More can be done by augmenting 'pure' Event-B
- Cost Benefit analysis (business case) will decide



Thank you for your attention

Open source demonstration model: https://github.com/klar42/railground

